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भारतीय मानक

तरंगपथको के लिये फ्लैंज - विशिष्टि

भाग 2 साधारण आयताकार तरंगपथकों के लिये पलैंज

अनुभाग 5 पलैंज टाइप डी

Indian Standard

FLANGES FOR WAVEGUIDES — SPECIFICATION

PART 2 FLANGES FOR ORDINARY RECTANGULAR WAVEGUIDES

Section 5 Flange Type D

UDC 621:372:831:621:372:822

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Part 2/Sec 5) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards on 22 December 1989, after the draft finalized by the Microwave Components and Accessories Sectional Committee had been approved by the Electronics and Telecommunication Division Council.

This standard shall be read in conjunction with IS 10738 (Part 1): 1983 'Flanges for waveguides: Part 1 General requirements and tests' and IS 10738 (Part 2/Sec 1): 1990 'Flanges for waveguides: Part 2 Flanges for ordinary rectangular waveguides, Section 1 General'.

Different types of waveguide flanges are being covered in a series of Indian standards consisting of the following individual parts of IS 10738:

- Part 1 General requirements and tests
- Part 2 Flanges for ordinary rectangular waveguides
- Part 3 Flanges for flat rectangular waveguides
- Part 4 Flanges for circular waveguides
- Part 5 Flanges for medium flat rectangular waveguides
- Part 6 Flanges for square waveguides

This Part 2 of IS 10738 series is being issued in 6 sections as follows:

- Section 1 General
- Section 2 Flange Type A
- Section 3 Flange Type B
- Section 4 Flange Type C
- Section 5 Flange Type D
- Section 6 Flange Type E

While preparing this standard assistance has been derived from IEC Pub 154-2 (1980) Flanges for waveguides: Part 2 Relevant specification for flanges for ordinary rectangular waveguides, issued by the International Electrotechnical Commission.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2: 1960 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

Indian Standard

FLANGES FOR WAVEGUIDES - SPECIFICATION

PART 2 FLANGES FOR ORDINARY RECTANGULAR WAVEGUIDES

Section 5 Flange Type D

1 SCOPE

1.1 This Indian Standard lays down dimensional requirements for flange Type D for ordinary rectangular waveguides.

2 REFERENCES

2.1 The following Indian Standards have been referred to in this standard:

Title

IS 4493	Hollow metallic waveguides
IS 10738	Flanges for waveguides: Part 1
(Part 1):1983	General requirements and tests
IS 10738	Flanges for waveguides: Part 2
(Part 2/Sec 1):	Flanges for ordinary rectangular
1990	waveguides, Section 1 General

3 CLIMATIC CATEGORY

3.1 Provisions of **3** of IS 10738 (Part 1): 1983 shall apply.

4 MATERIALS, CONSTRUCTION AND WORK-MANSHIP

4.1 Provisions of **4** of IS 10738 (Part 1): 1983 shall apply.

5 DESIGNATION -OF FLANGES FOR WAVEGUIDES

5.1 Provisions of **5** of IS 10738 (Part 1): 1983 shall apply.

6 MARKING

6.1 Provisions of **6** of IS 10738 (Part 1): 1983 shall apply.

7 PACKAGING

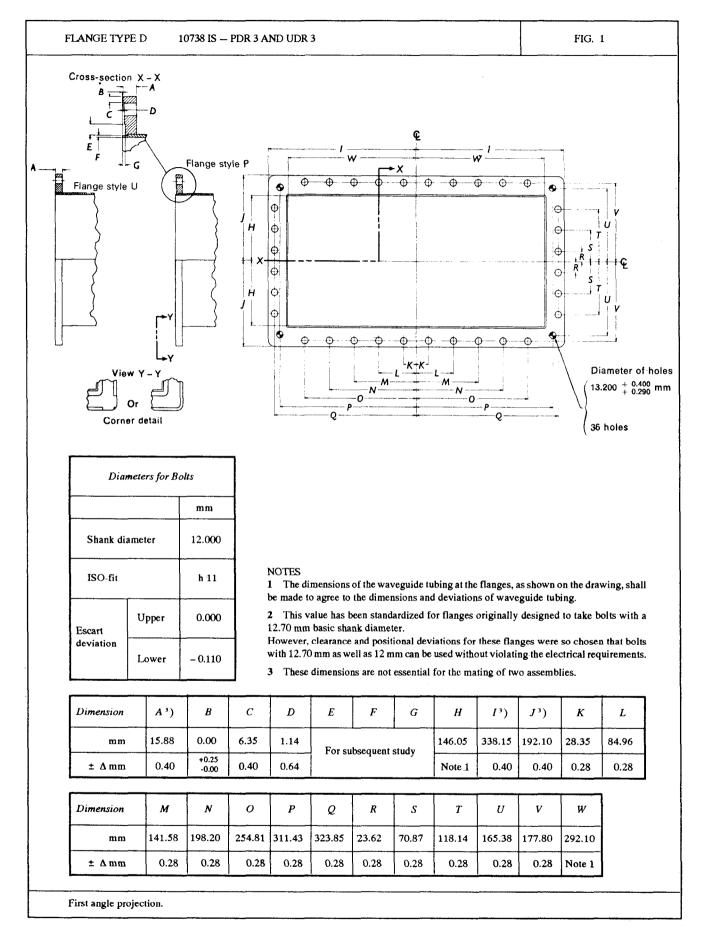
7.1 Provisions of 7 of IS 10738 (Part 1): 1983 shall apply.

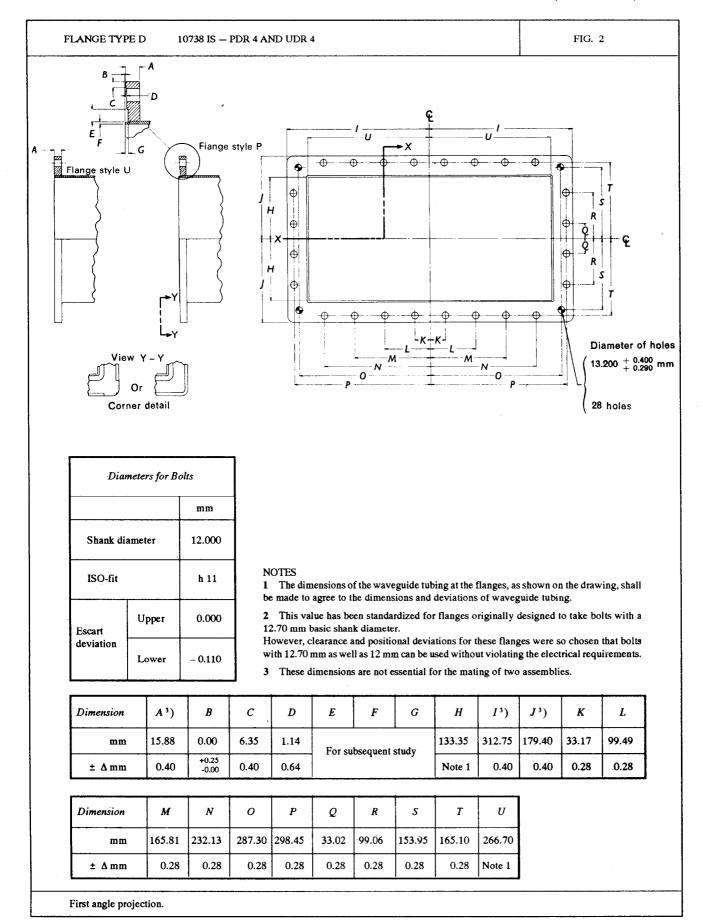
8 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS

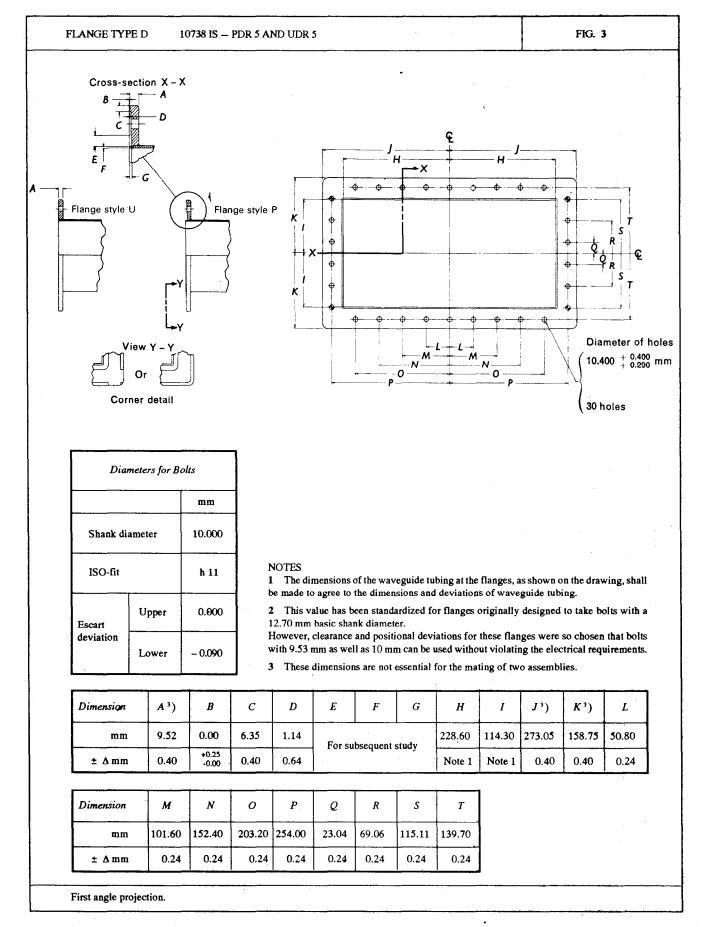
8.1 The outline and dimensions for both plain unpressurizable and plain pressurizable flanges shall be in accordance with Figures and Table 1.

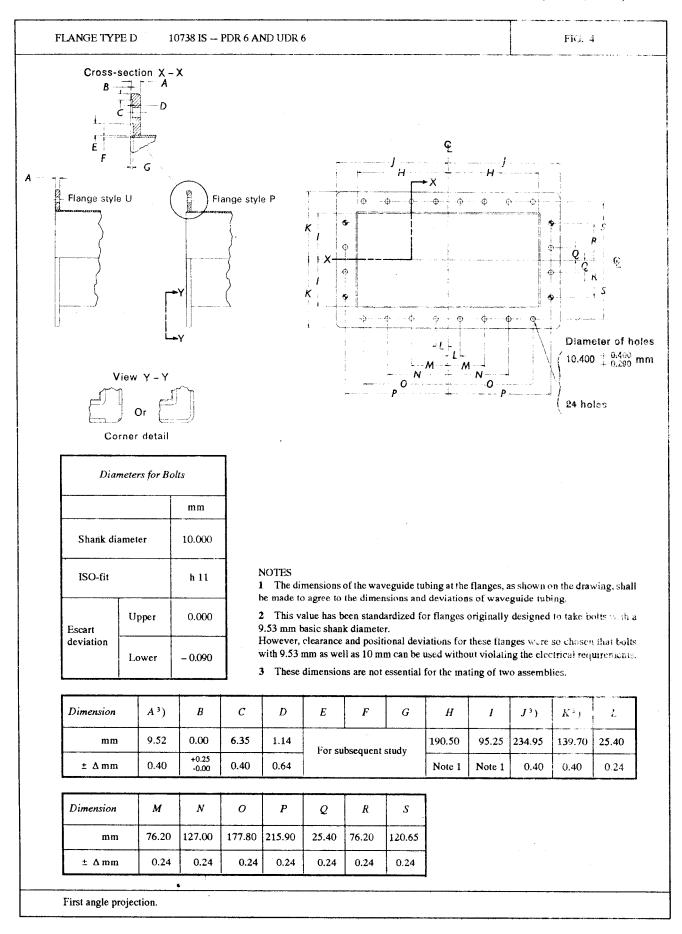
9 TESTS

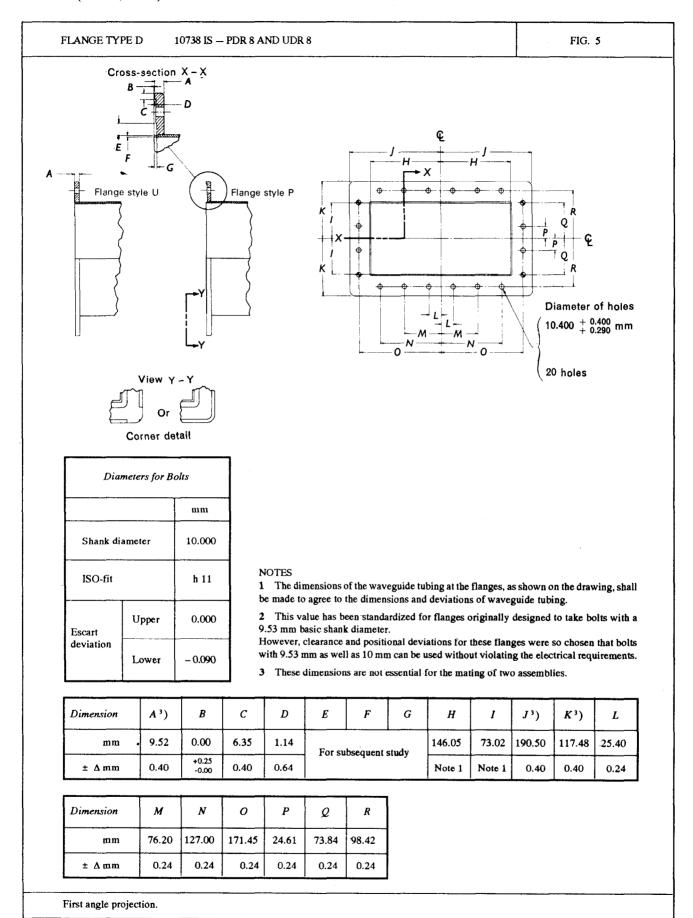
9.1 Provisions of **10** of IS 10738 (Part 2/Sec 1): 1990 shall apply.

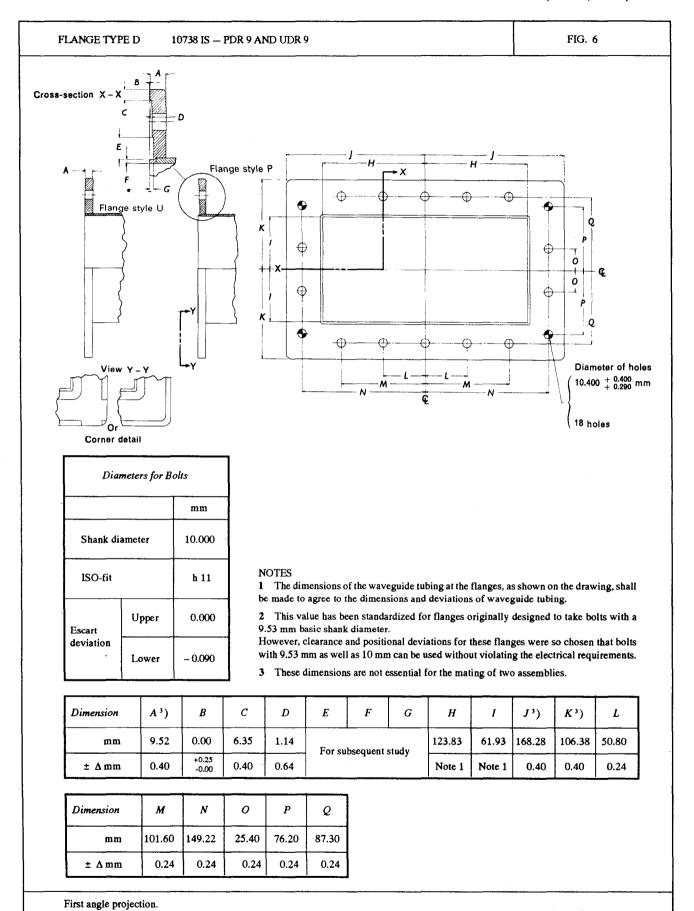


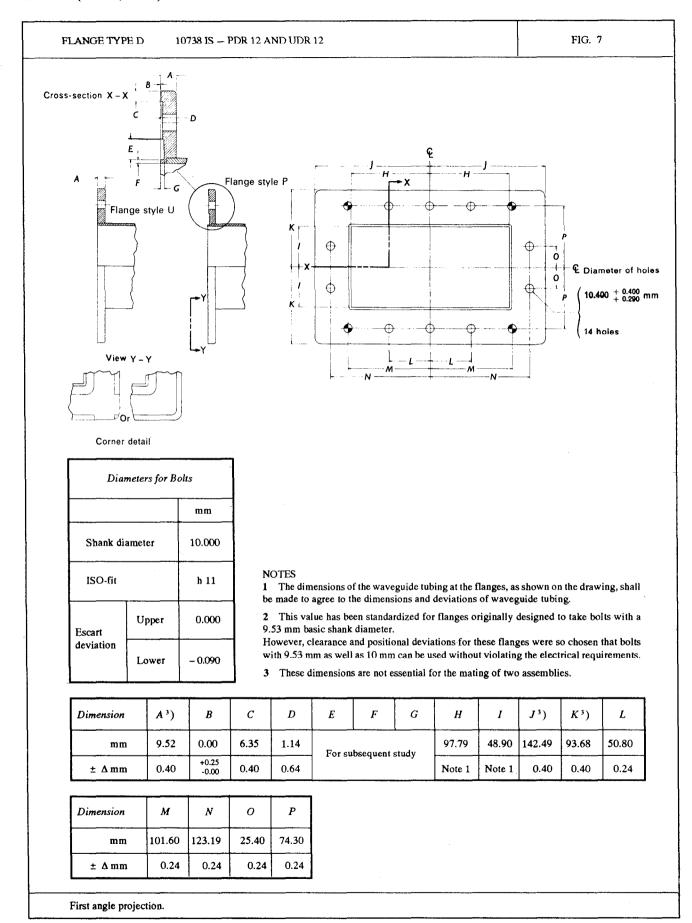


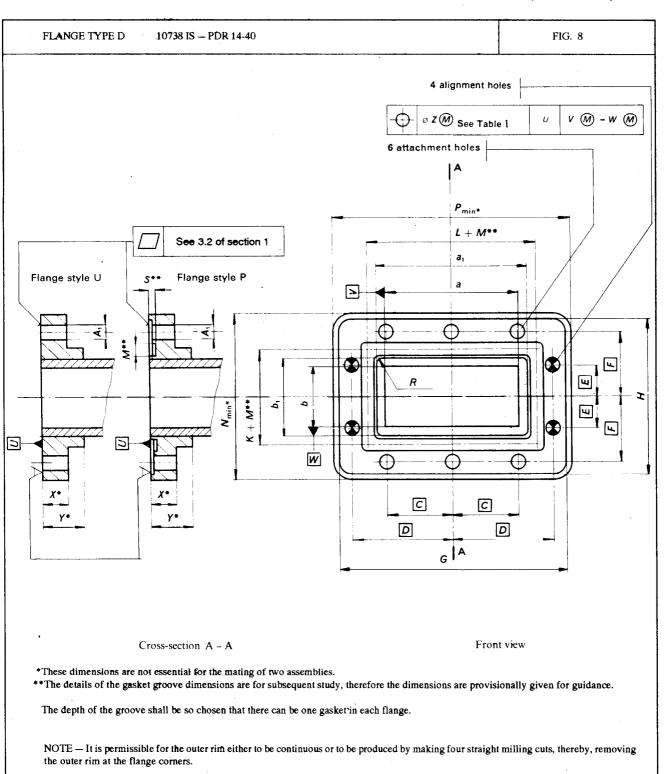












First angle projection.

First angle projection.

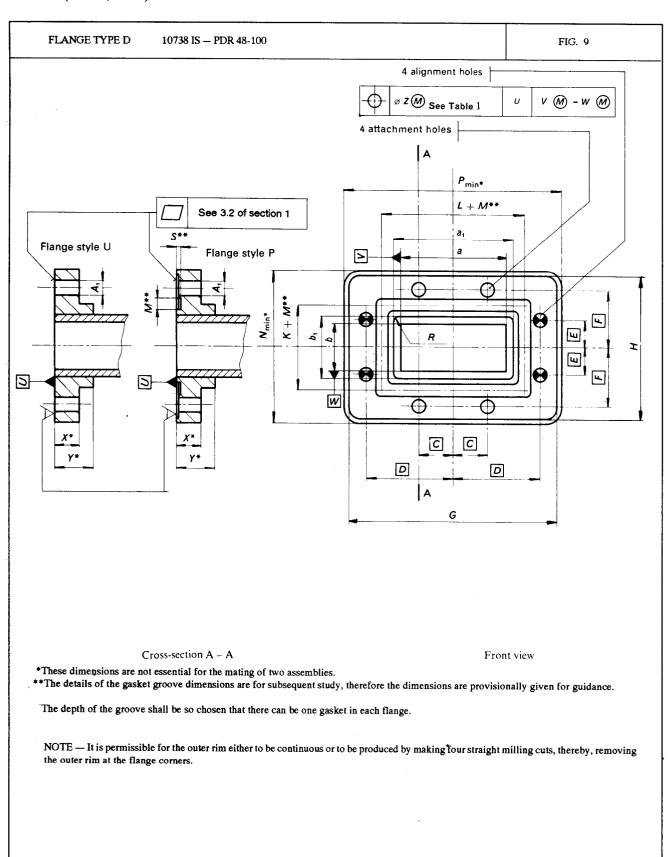
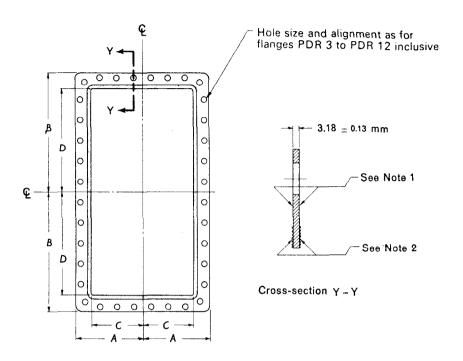


FIG. 10 10738 IS - UDR 120 - UDR 180 FLANGE TYPE D Cross-section A - A 2 alignment holes ø Z M See Table IV v M - w M 4 attachment holes N_{min*} W 0 [ပ Front view These dimensions are not essential for the mating of two assemblies. First angle projection.

FLANGE TYPE D 10738 IS — PDR 120 — PDR 180 FIG. 11 See 3.2 of section 1 Cross-section A - A W \boldsymbol{q} Q 2 alignment holes ø Z M See Table 1 4 attachment holes Front view *These dimensions are not essential for the mating of two assemblies. The depth of the groove shall be so chosen that there can be one gasket in each flange. NOTE 1 — The corner radius of the centre line of the gasket groove is 3.3 mm. $NOTE\ 2-It\ is\ permissible\ for\ the\ outer\ rim\ either\ to\ be\ continuous\ or\ to\ be\ produced\ by\ making\ four\ straight\ milling\ cuts,\ thereby\ removing$ the outer rim at the flange corners. First angle projection.

FIG. 12



NOTES

- 1 These surfaces to incorporate pressure seals.
- 2 These surfaces to include raised electrical contact areas. These areas must start at inside dimensions of waveguide.
- 3 The inside dimensions of the waveguide tubing at the flanges, as shown on the drawings, shall be made to agree to the dimensions and deviations of waveguide tubing.

Flange	mm A	mm B	mm C	mm D
UDR 3	192.08 ± 0.40	338.12 ± 0.40	146.05	292.10
UDR 4	179.38 ± 0.40	312.72 ± 0.40	133.35	266.70
UDR 5	158.75 ± 0.40	273.05 ± 0.40	114.30	228.60
UDR 6	139.70 ± 0.40	234.95 ± 0.40	95.25	190.50
UDR 8	117.48 ± 0.40	190.50 ± 0.40	73.02	146.05
UDR 9	106.38 ± 0.40	168.28 ± 0.40	61.92	123.82
UDR 12	93.68 ± 0.40	142.47 ± 0.40	48.90	97.79

See Note 3

First angle projection.

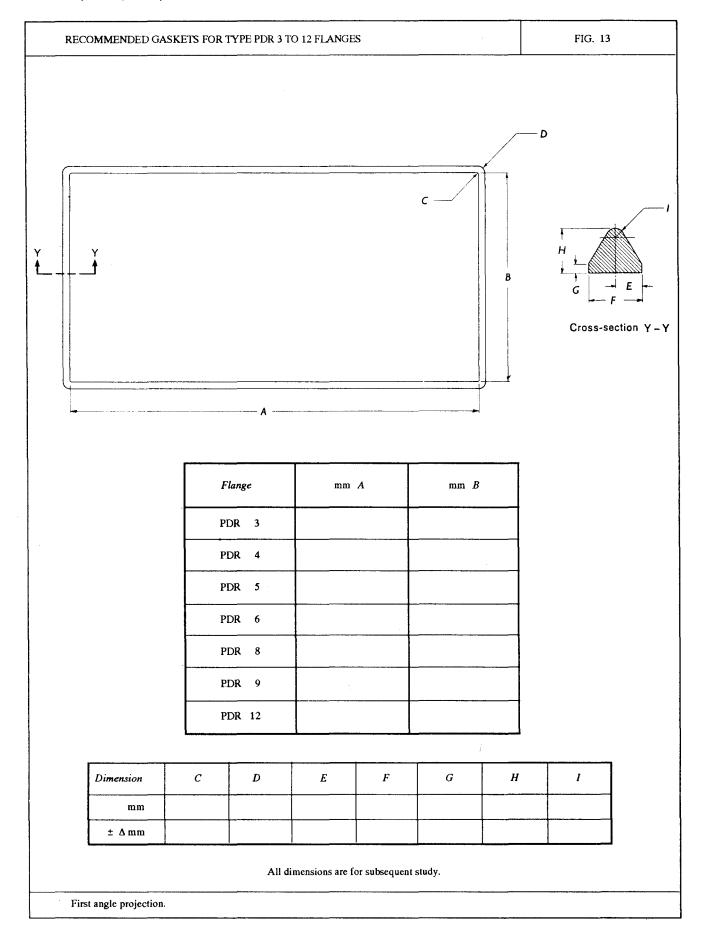


Table 1 Dimensions of Type D Hanges for Ordinary Rectangular Waveguides

																			Type UDR	— withouseh	ke or gasker	gronve].						Type PDF	- without c	beke, with ga	iske: gladise					
							Dimensions	for Hotes	·			١,	1,	21	23	2)			1				20.30	21 11	21 11			İ		l		<u> </u>			T		
Type		To be seed	Figure			Alignmen	holes		Attach	ment bete	,																		 				nen kisan for links er s made of the sprese	1		Ormessions Vignocerink	
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- (1)	_	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		1 () .	[95	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	<u>an</u>	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	1271	Dimension (28)	e solliapetre (29)	(30)	-31-	32) 33	31 . 341		361	
- 1	14 18	R 14		6 000	^*	+0.25		A	15 +1	280	-0.860	169 [6	85.61	220.7	135 [12.7	0.60	120.60	200.00	63.46	117.38	0.20	210 7	125 10	0.50	99 1	I	182.1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. on		7	1 4 40		- 22	
		R 15		8 000	A9	-0.280			15 4	1.280	-0.860	133 60	64 83	185 0	120 0	12.7	0.50	190.08	165.00	50 ∩4	100.08	0.20	175 0	11000	0.50	82.3	i	1473		!	1 90	į			1 11	-1022	
- 1	22	R 22	,	6.350	A9	+0.290	1	A	15 1 .0	280	+0.860	113.25	58.67	161.1	106.4	12.7	0.60	90,78	141 94	47.64	5738	0.20	151 1	94.40	0.50	71.1	ļ	125.7			* *0	i		1	. 10	1 22	•
- 1	26	R 24		6.350	A9	+0.280	i	1	15 -0	250	+0.860	90.42	47.24	(38.1	953	12.7	0.50	58.25	119.06	34 08	76.20	0.20	128.1	8530	0.50	59.7		102 9	-		190	ı			1 4		8
	32	R 32		6.350	۸۰	+0.250	1	^:	.5	30	r0.86∩	76.20	38 10	114.3	76.2	100	0.60	65.08	97.22	29.35	59 14	0.20	106.3	68 20	0.40	46 1		84.2			190	i		1	•	,1 122	
ı	-	R 40	-	6.350	B0	+0.150	1	Bi	s † •0	150	•0.730	51 42	32 33	95.4	59.9	19.0	0.50	\$4 36	82.30	25.40	53 34	0.10	90.4	61 90	0.40	40.2	For	69.1	Fee	For	390	ί.	subsequent study	4.173	1 11	-1.922	1
1	-	R 48		6.350	B9	+0.150	-0.186	Bı	5 40	150	+0.730	50 80	25 40	38.9	63.5	10.0	0.50	28.58	71.82	22.22	46.44	0 10	80.9	55 50	0.40		subsequent study	55.7	sabsequent shada	subsequent stady	390	i FN	Changed near Change		: 35	-5.723	1
ា	58	R 58	l I.	6 350	Ba	+0 150	.+0.156	B1	5 -0	150	•Q 730	43 54	23.44	81.0	61 9	10.0	0.50	25.40	64.56	19 (4	44 46	0.10	73.0	53 90	0.40	31.3	,,,,,	51.5	17607	, ide.	197			5 350	,	A 122	
	יסי	R 70		1 000	Bo	+0140	+0.170	B1	0	140	+0 520	38.10	19 05	65 3	#9.2	10.0	0.50	22.22	55 58	15 48	36.52	010	63.3	44 20	0.30	25.8		44.5			100			1 100	11	0.72	
- 1	*	R 54		4 900	C9	-0.070	+9 100	CI	5 +0	070	0 550	31.75	15.68	63.5	44 5	7.5	0.50	19.04	48.42	15 88	32.54	0.05	35 3	39 50	0.30	22.5		u i			3.00			1	1.	* :*	
	100	R 100	1	4 000	CV	-0.070	+0.100	C L	5 +0	070	0.250	25.40	12.70	53.2	40.5	7.5	0.40	15.88	42.08	15 88	29.35	0.05	49.2	36.50	0.20	19.5	1	32.2			3.90			100		1	
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_	!		<u></u>			1 30	1 0130	1	′ "′	· .	0.230	14 99	8.31	42.0	35.50	· 50	study	11 94	31,75	applicable	25 40	0.05	38.0	31.50	0.20	15 000	0.165	21.500	0.145	3.5%	1 96						

These values are basic values of the overside cross-sections of the wavegards according to 15 4493. They should be regarded as basic values for the aperture according to 8.3.11 of 15 10738 (Part 1) : 1983, that apply to unmounted largest only

^{*} For through flanges, the actual range of deviations for the monating aperture detection on the assembling method and should therefore be agreed as by both customer and manufacturer.

These described are not essential for the manage of two assessions

^{**} Electrical considerations require that the inner run and the rester run should have the same being

¹³ Figure 10 for flatigue oridinat gashat grooves and Figure 11 for flatiges with gastet grooves

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